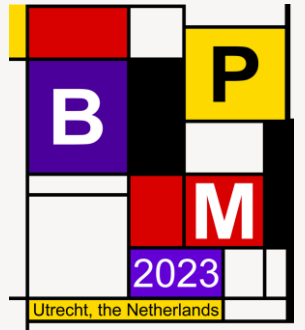
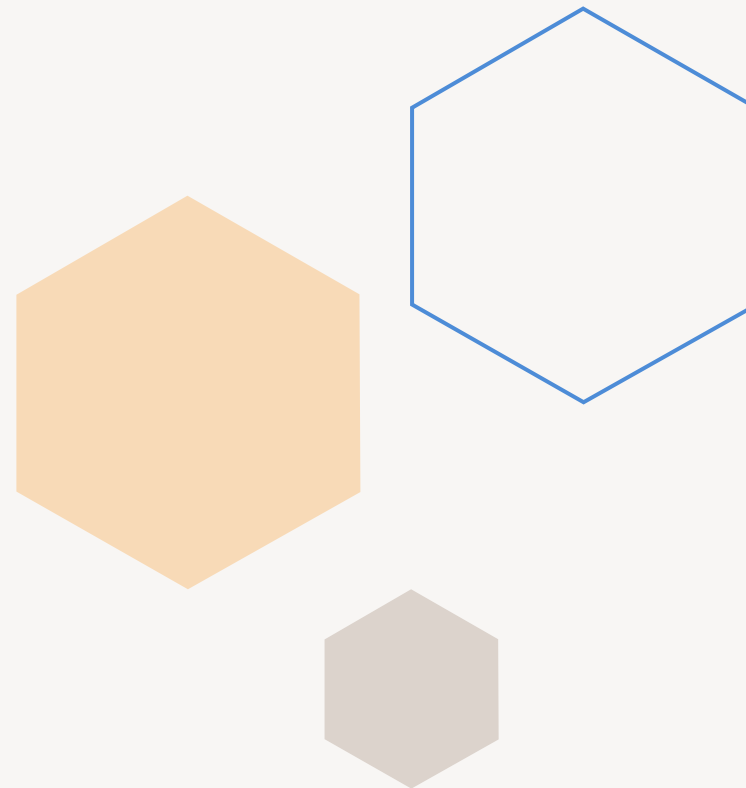


Task Support for Process Mining

From formulating questions to
evaluating results

21st BPM Conference
Utrecht, 13 September 2023



Meet the Organisers



Iris Beerepoot

Utrecht University



Francesca Zerbato

University of St. Gallen



Barbara Weber

University of St. Gallen



Pnina Soffer

University of Haifa

Advisory Group

- Xixi Lu, Utrecht University
- Niels Martin, Hasselt University
- Vinicius Stein Dani, Utrecht University
- Lisa Zimmermann, University of St. Gallen



Outline



Aims and Scope

Existing methodologies provide
high-level guidance



Task Support for Process Mining



Case studies focus on results obtained in
specific settings

- Overview of existing support for Process Mining tasks
- Real scenario walkthrough
- Pointers to relevant literature and open discussion

Our Focus

Organizational and Ecosystem level

Individual and Group levels

look at the work practices and behavior of individuals and interactions between them

Technical level



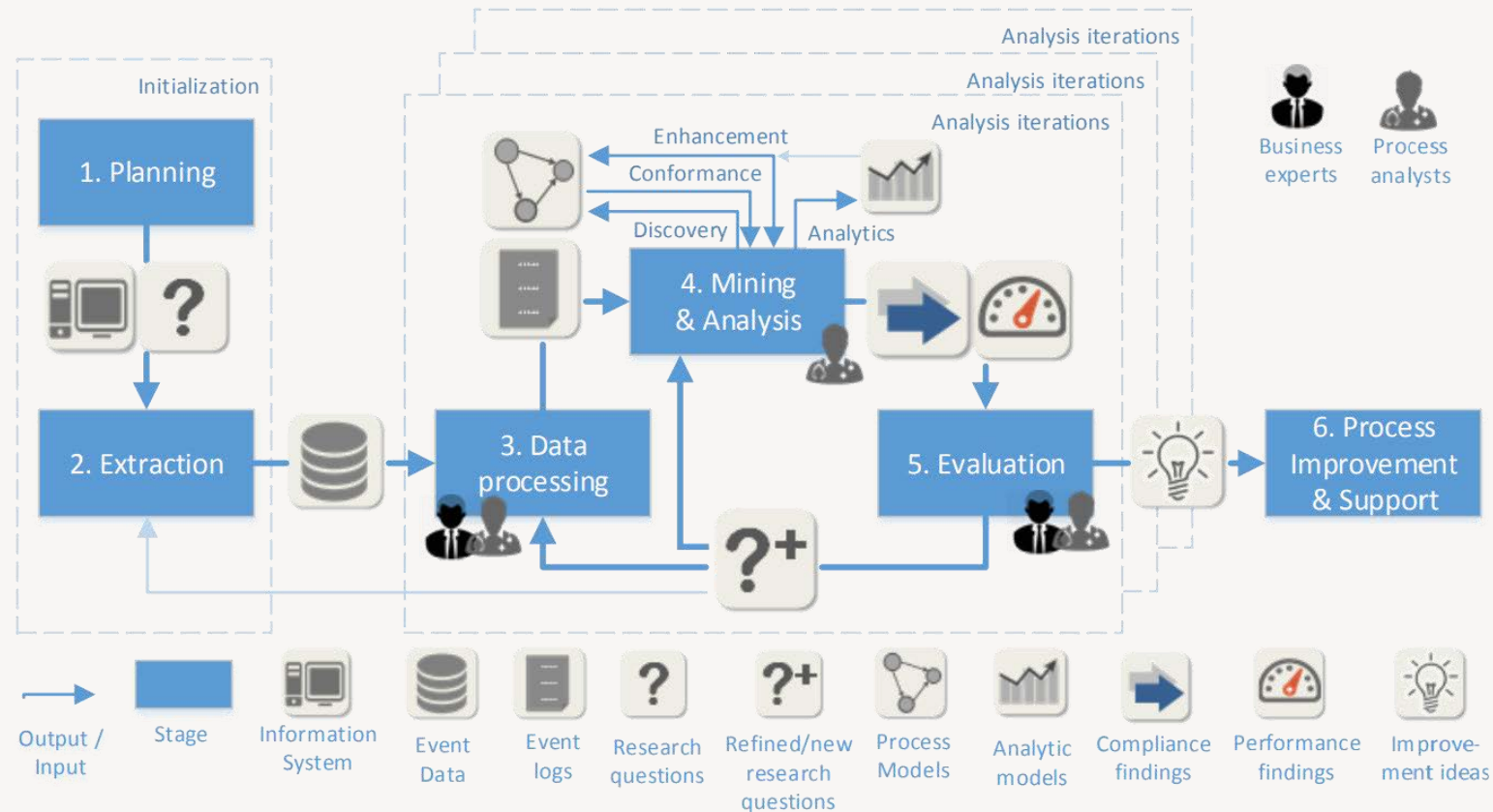
vom Brocke, J., Jans, M., Mendling, J., & Reijers, H. A. (2021). A five-level framework for research on process mining. *Business & Information Systems Engineering*, 1-8.

The Process Mining Lifecycle



Emamjome, F., Andrews, R., & ter Hofstede, A. H. (2019). A case study lens on process mining in practice. In *On the Move to Meaningful Internet Systems: OTM 2019 Conferences: Confederated International Conferences: CoopIS, ODBASE, C&TC 2019, Rhodes, Greece, October 21–25, 2019, Proceedings* (pp. 127-145). Springer International Publishing.

PM²: A Process Mining Project Methodology



Van Eck, M. L., Lu, X., Leemans, S. J., & Van Der Aalst, W. M. (2015, May). PM: a process mining project methodology. In *International conference on advanced information systems engineering* (pp. 297-313). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

Our Scenario

K&B Landscape Architecture and Urbanism

45 employees

Project-focused

No experience with process mining

What can process mining do for us?

Define
Questions

Data
Collection &
Preparation

Mining &
Analysis

Results

Define Questions

Define Questions

Goal

Specify the scope and the objectives of the project and **formulate questions**.

Questions “should be”:

- Related to a specific process
- Answerable using event data
- Concrete

Scope

Appendectomy process, from hospital admission to post-operative care.

Objective

Transparency; Process path understanding and variability.

Questions

- What are common paths that patients take during the process?
- Are there any variations in the paths taken for different patient groups?



The question and its type help to choose the analysis approach and the techniques and tools to use.

Gurgen Erdogan, T., & Tarhan, A. (2018). A goal-driven evaluation method based on process mining for healthcare processes. *Applied Sciences*, 8(6), 894.

What if we don't have Questions?

“Sometimes coming up with good questions at the start of a project is difficult.”

“It is often very hard to identify the correct question.”

“A data-driven project is powered by the availability of event data. There is no concrete question or goal...”

Our scenario

K&B design is interested in exploring the use of process mining to understanding the way people work.

Scope

Working patterns of people.

Goal

Process understanding; Transparency; Improvement.

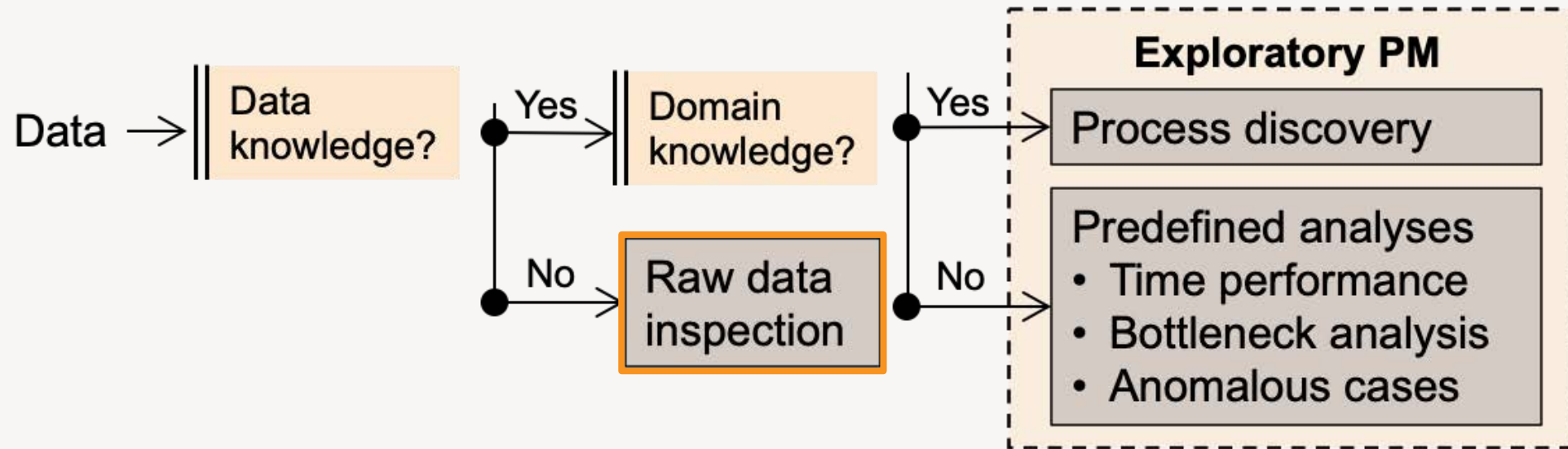
Questions

...?

Question Formulation using Process Mining

Process mining analysis can help analysts to formulate questions.

Steps.



Goals.

- Assess what analyses can be done on the provided data;
- Generate data-driven insights and hypotheses that can inspire questions.

Zerbato, F., Koorn, J. J., Beerepoot, I., Weber, B., & Reijers, H. A. (2022, September). On the Origin of Questions in Process Mining Projects. In *International Conference on Enterprise Design, Operations, and Computing* (pp. 165-181). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

Question Formulation using Process Mining

Raw data inspection

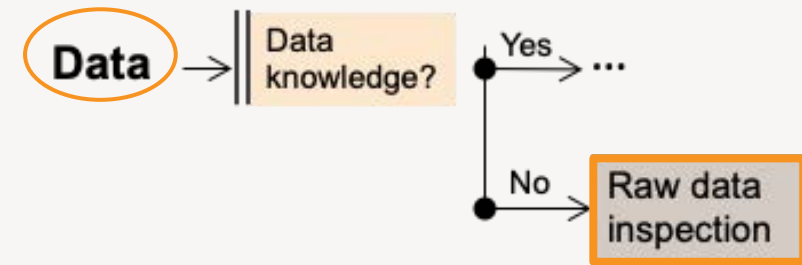
First Iteration

Strategy. Understand the data to learn about its structure, how it is formatted, what process steps are recorded and what data attributes are available.

Rationale

- Planning: Look into what can be analyzed and how
- Profiling: Check the data quality

① What kinds of questions can be asked based on the data available in the organization?



We need to first extract the data!

➔ Data Collection & Preparation

Define
Questions

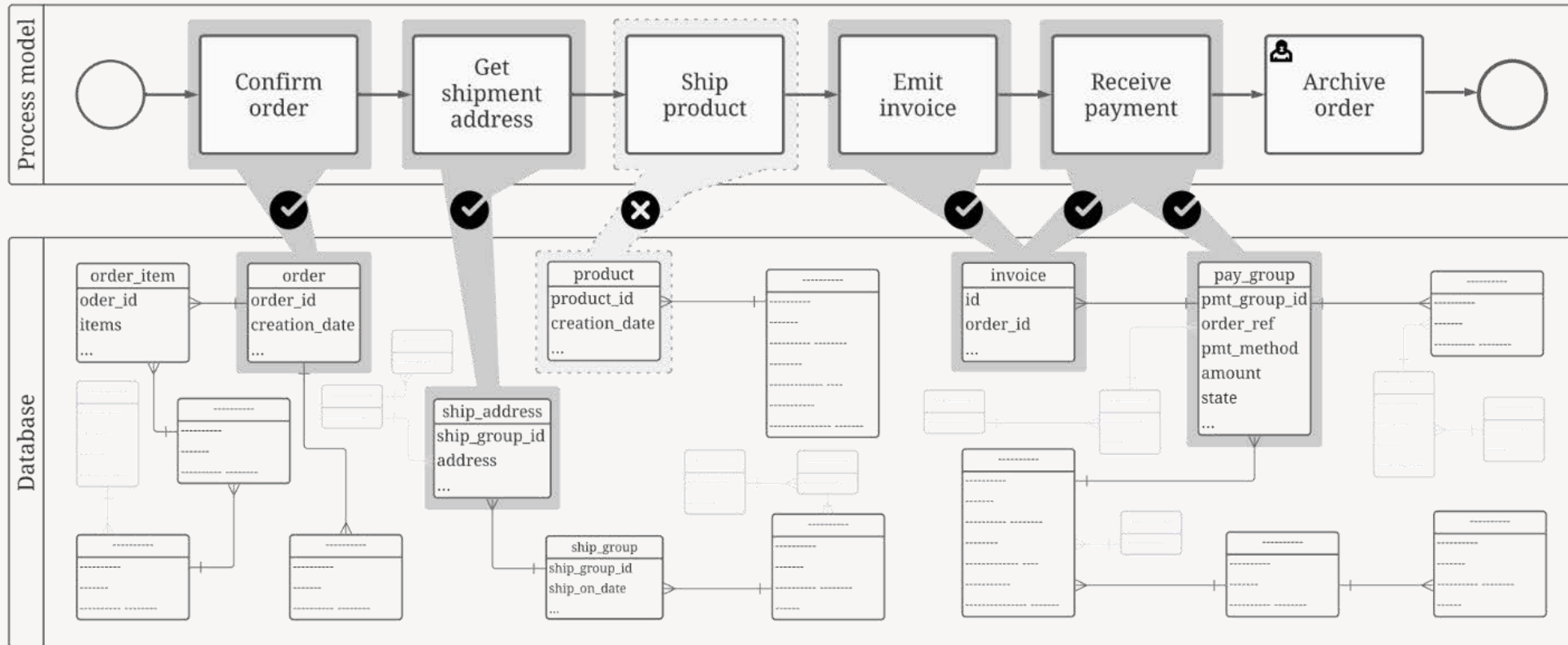
Data
Collection &
Preparation

Mining &
Analysis

Results

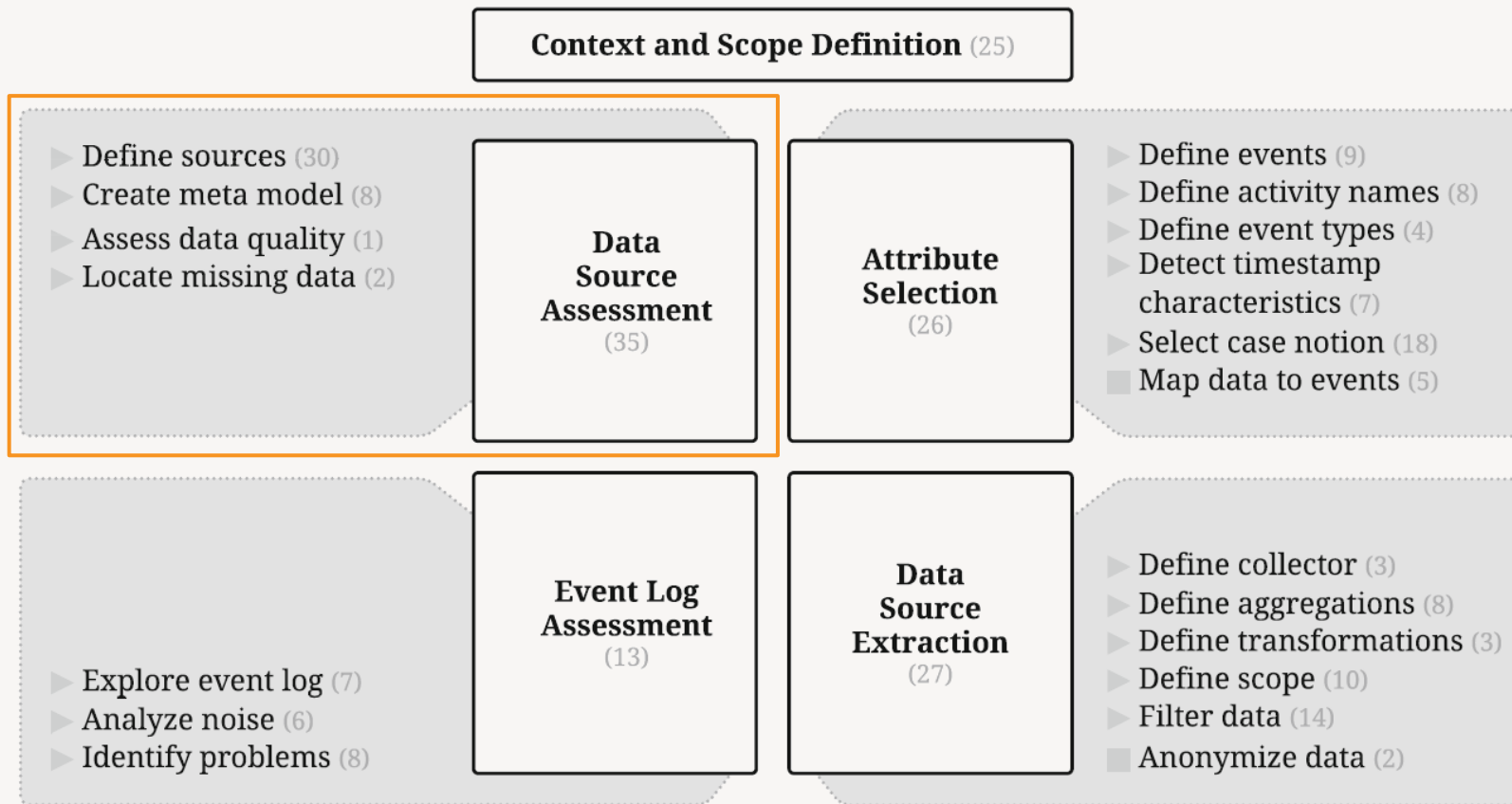
Data Collection & Preparation

Mapping Processes to Data



Stein Dani, V., Leopold, H., van der Werf, J. M. E., & Reijers, H. A. (2022, September). Supporting Event Log Extraction Based on Matching. In *International Conference on Business Process Management* (pp. 322-333). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

Manual Tasks in Event Log Extraction



Stein Dani, V., Leopold, H., van der Werf, J. M. E., Lu, X., Beerepoot, I., Koorn, J. J., & Reijers, H. A. (2021, September). Towards understanding the role of the human in event log extraction. In *International Conference on Business Process Management* (pp. 86-98). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

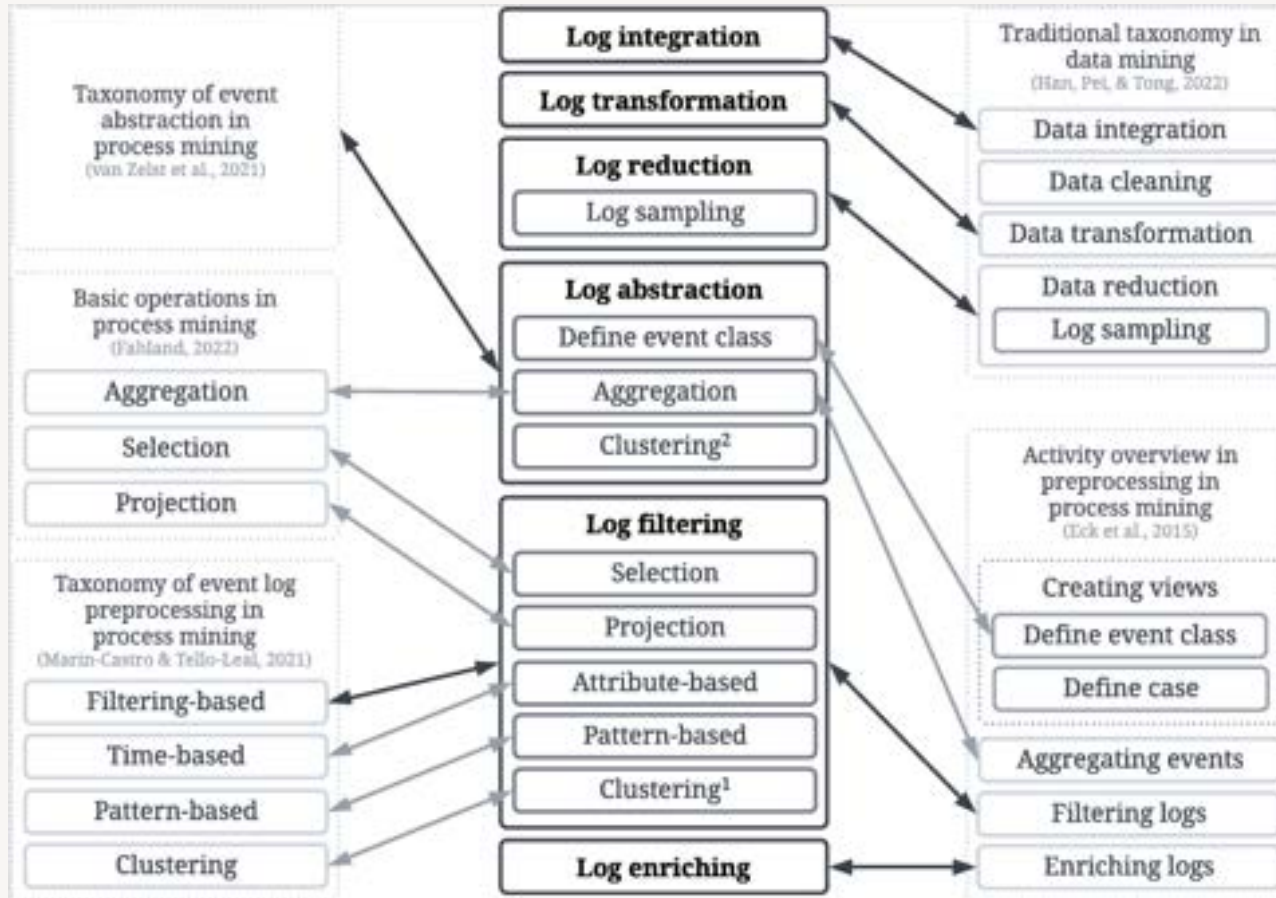
Data Source Assessment



Until 2019, a system called PSO was used for registering hours!



Event Pre-processing



Liu, Y., Stein Dani, V., Beerepoot, I., Lu, X. (forthcoming).

Log Integration and Transformation

PSO

Date	Employee name	Project	Item	Number of hours
1-3-2016	Beerepoot, I.M.	100.00	220 Overleg/presentatie onderzoek	5

AFAS

Date	Employee name	Project	Project phase	Number of hours
1-2-2021	Iris Beerepoot	1428.00	Overleg	3

!

Date	Employee name	Project	Activity	Number of hours
1-3-2016	Beerepoot	100.00	220 Overleg/presentatie onderzoek	5
1-2-2021	Beerepoot	1428.00	Overleg	3

Integrated log



Define
Questions

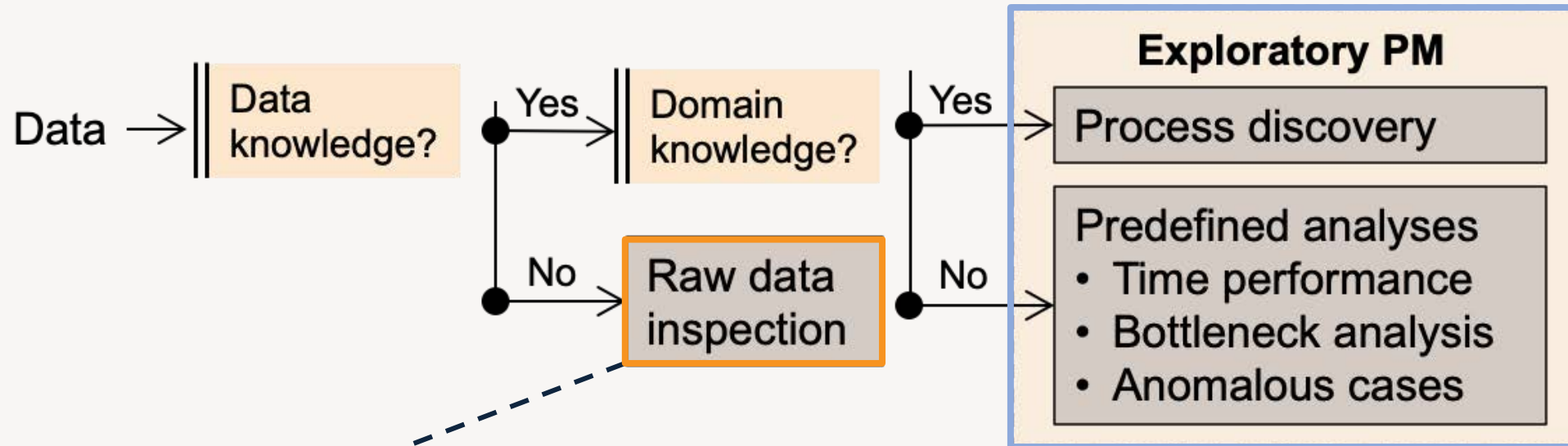
Data
Collection &
Preparation

Mining &
Analysis

Results

Define Questions

Question Formulation with Exploratory PM



Focus on **projects**

Q1. What is the general order of activities across projects?

Let Exploratory Analysis Generate Questions

Second Iteration

Strategy: Define questions that capture stakeholders' needs; use standard hypotheses and templates to keep it focused and interactive

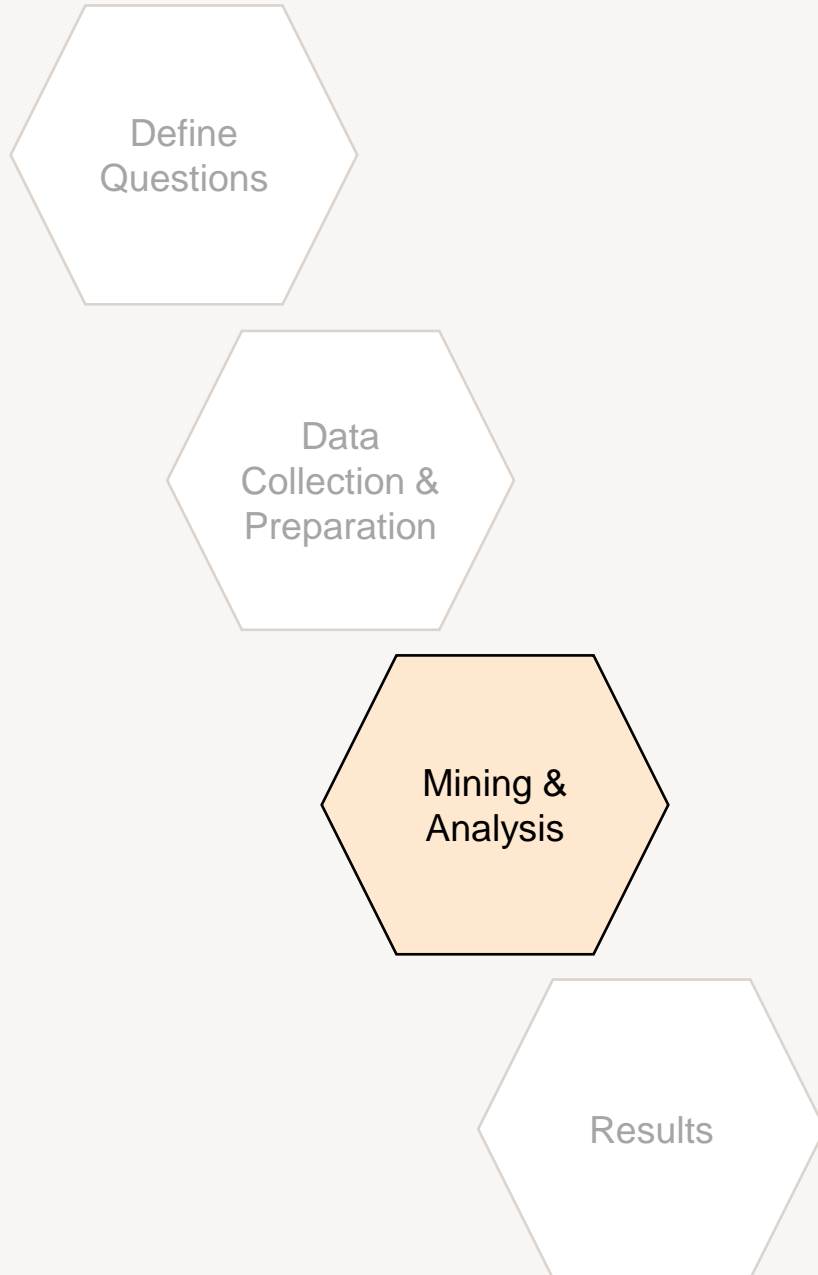
Strategy: Map the questions to the data to identify concrete entry points for the analysis

Rationale

- Identify concrete entry points for the analysis
- Involve stakeholders in question formulation
 - Bring visualizations and descriptives to the table
- Generate hypotheses collaboratively



Mining & Analysis



Mining & Analysis

Mining & Analysis

Goal

Apply process mining techniques to the data prepared to answer the questions and obtain process-related insights.

The analysis:

- Depends on the question
- Requires analysts to produce artifacts and (intermediate) results that are consumed in later analysis stages or evaluated

Main Activities

Produce Artifacts and Results

- Apply process mining techniques
- Create artifact and visualizations
- ...

Consume Artifacts and Results

- Interpret the results based on the questions and the context
- ...

Plan and Organize

- Choose the analysis approach
- Choose the tool
- Prioritize analysis directions
- Track and document the analysis
- ...



Planning activities help to keep the analysis focus.

Exploratory Analysis

Strategy: Understand the process to get familiar with the control flow in light of the question.

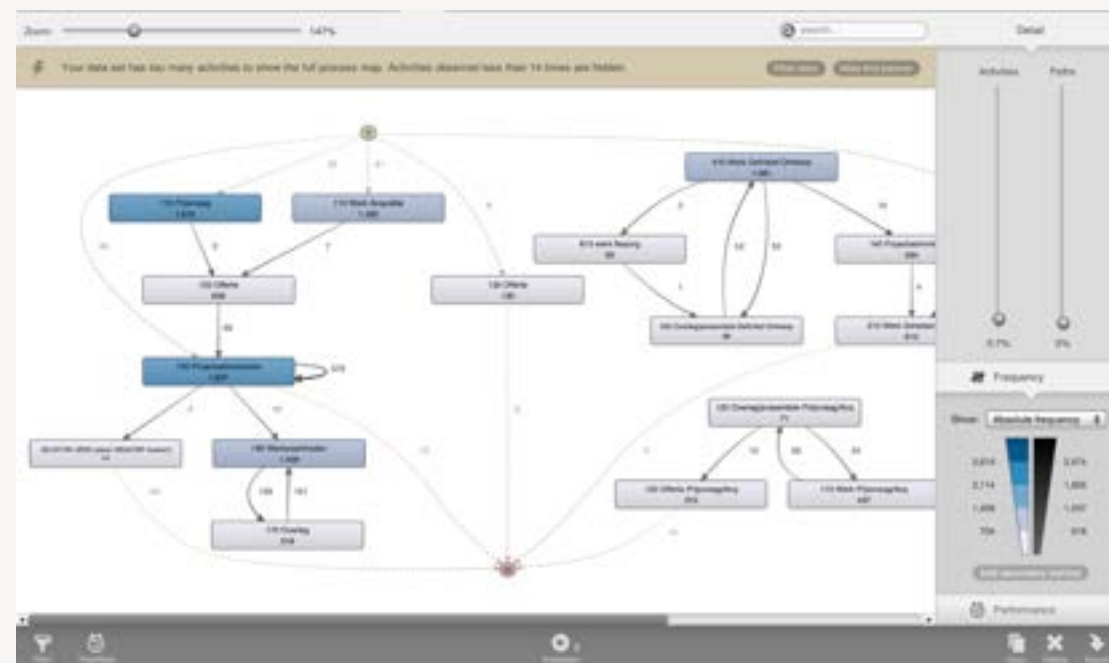
Rationale

- Characterize: Assess whether the data is suitable to answer the question
- Confirm: Check domain understanding



Process understanding is often based on visuals and descriptives; it can be done collaboratively.

Q1: What is the general order of activities across projects?



Exploratory Analysis: Outcomes

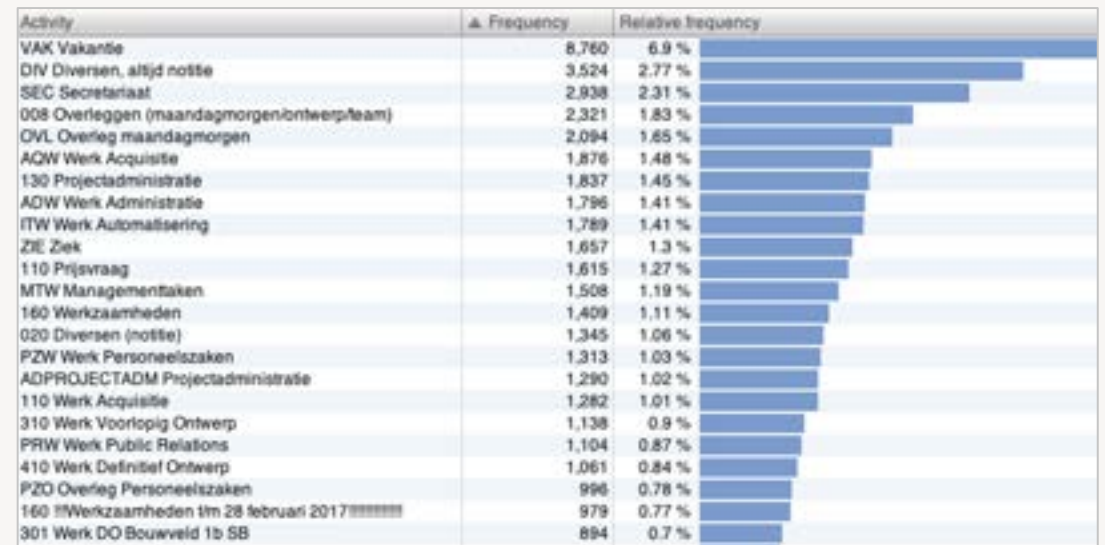
Questions

Q1: What is the general order of activities across projects?

Q2. What is the average duration of projects? What are projects with long lead times?

Q3. Are resources involved in multiple projects? What are handoffs patterns between resources across projects?

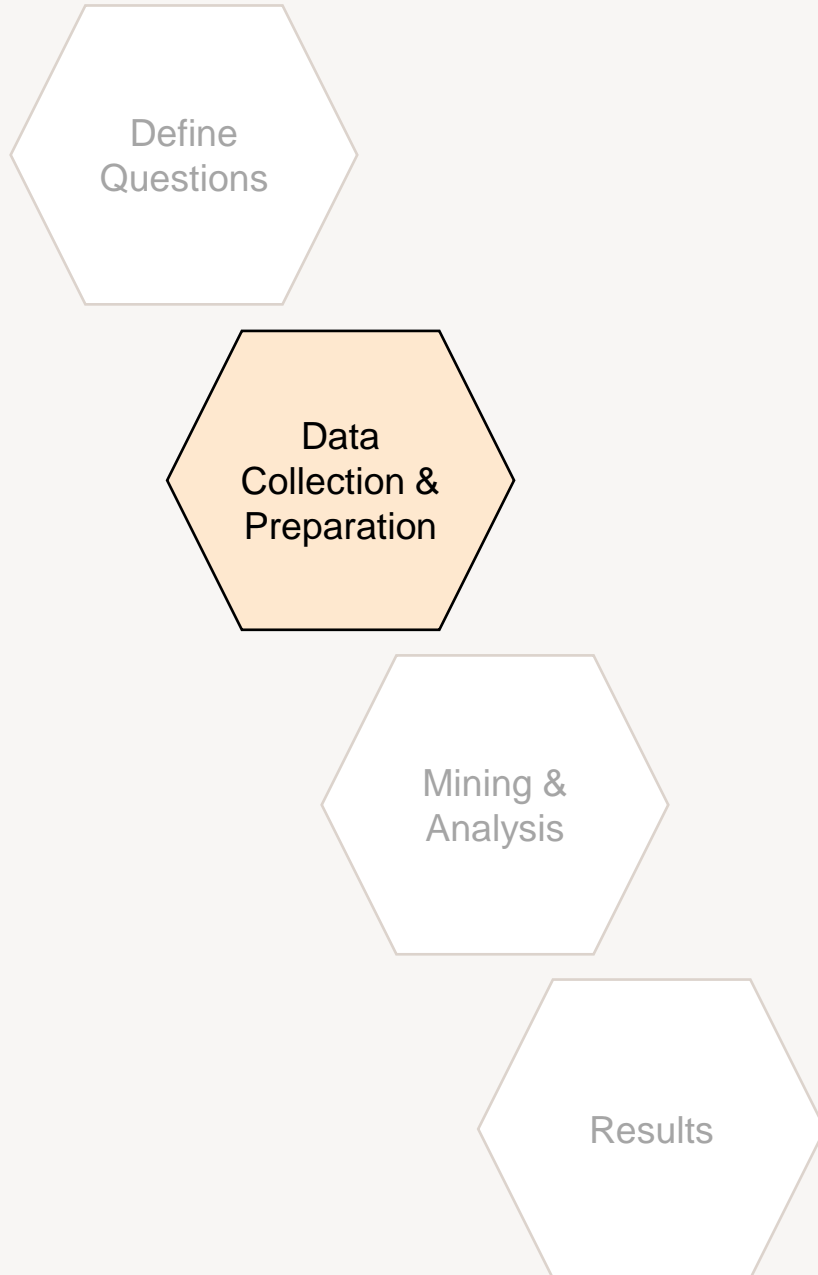
Observations



- The data is highly variable
- A lot of time is allocated to activities that do not belong to “real” projects



Data Collection & Preparation



Data Collection & Preparation

Log Transformation and Abstraction

Integrated log

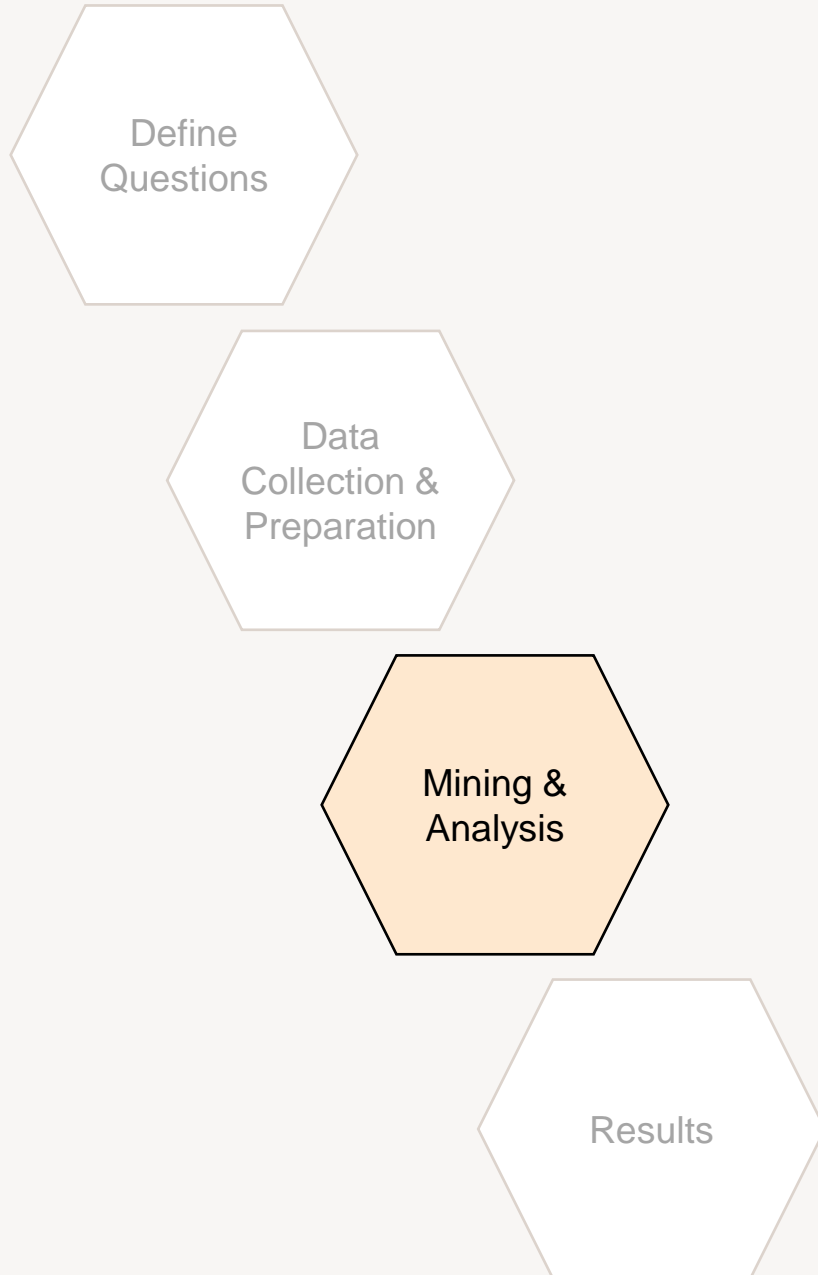
Date	Employee name	Project	Activity	Number of hours
1-3-2016	Beerepoot	100.00	220 Overleg/presentatie onderzoek	5
1-2-2021	Beerepoot	1428.00	Overleg	3

- ✓ Remove capitalization
- ✓ Merge projects (domain knowledge)
- ✓ Abstract activities into higher-level ones (domain knowledge)

New log

Date	Employee name	Project	Activity	Number of hours
1-3-2016	Beerepoot	100	overleg	5
1-2-2021	Beerepoot	1428	overleg	3





Mining & Analysis

Pattern Discovery

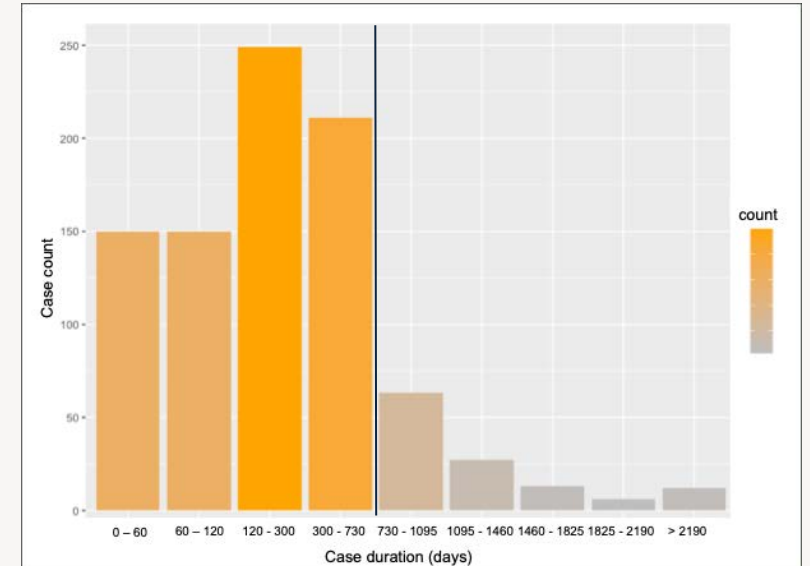
Strategy: Discover patterns in the data or relationships among observed phenomena or scenarios.

Rationale

- Find interesting things: keep an eye open for aspects that stand out
- Generate hypotheses

Q2. What is the average duration of projects? What are projects with long lead times?

Zerbato, F., Soffer, P., & Weber, B. (2022, September). Process mining practices: evidence from interviews. In *International Conference on Business Process Management* (pp. 268-285). Cham: Springer International Publishing.



- Case duration spans 0-2190 days, which correspond to roughly 7 years.
- The majority of cases takes up to 2 years.

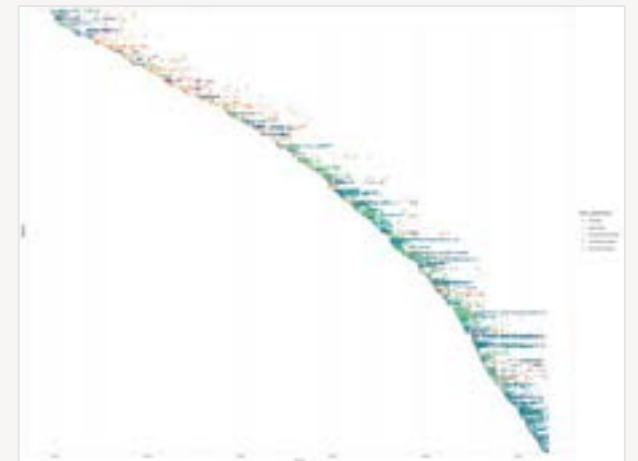
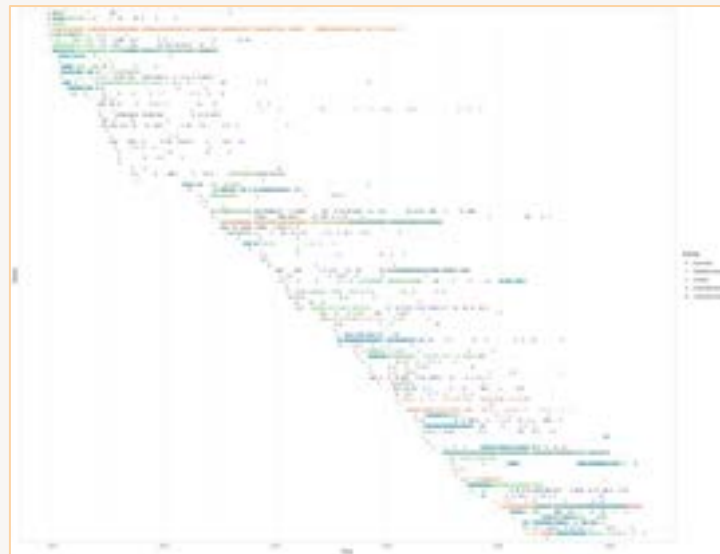
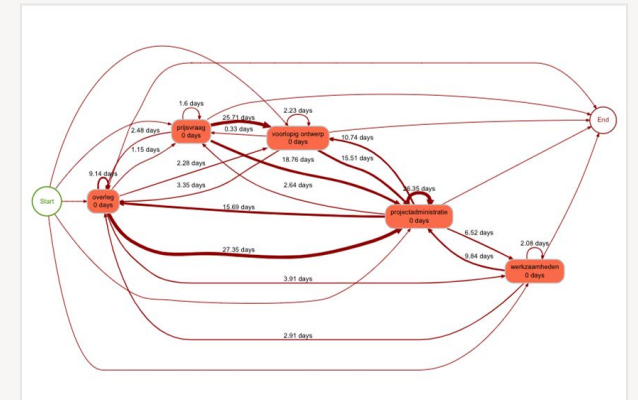
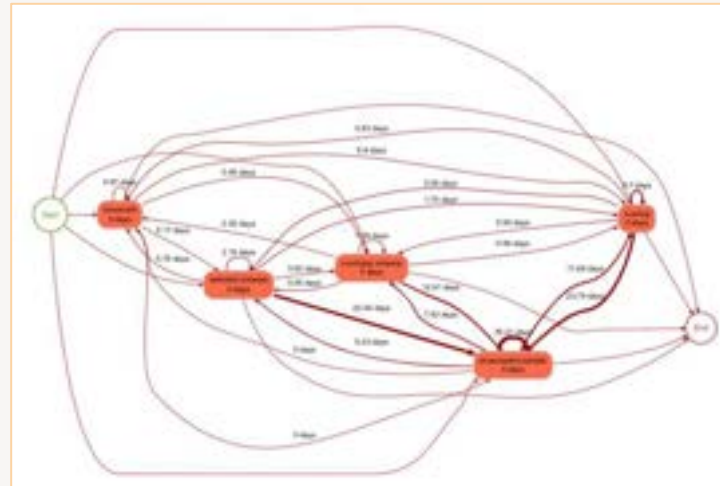
Comparative Analysis

Strategy: Classify and compare cases to describe groups and find differences.

Rationale

- Identify subsets of the data relevant to answer the question
- Serve as a basis for finding correlations

Q2. What is the average duration of projects? What are projects with long lead times?



Define
Questions

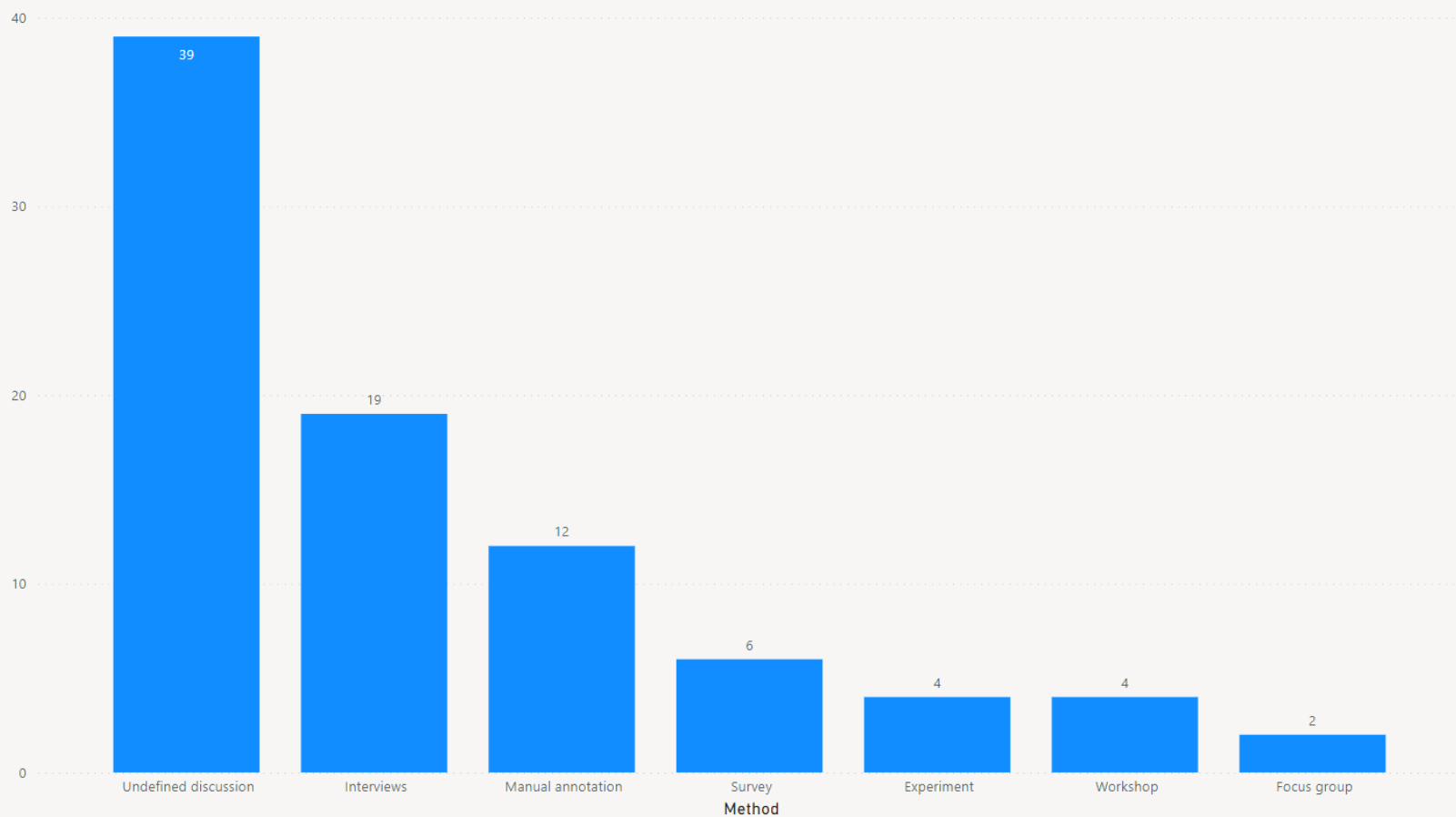
Data
Collection &
Preparation

Mining &
Analysis

Results

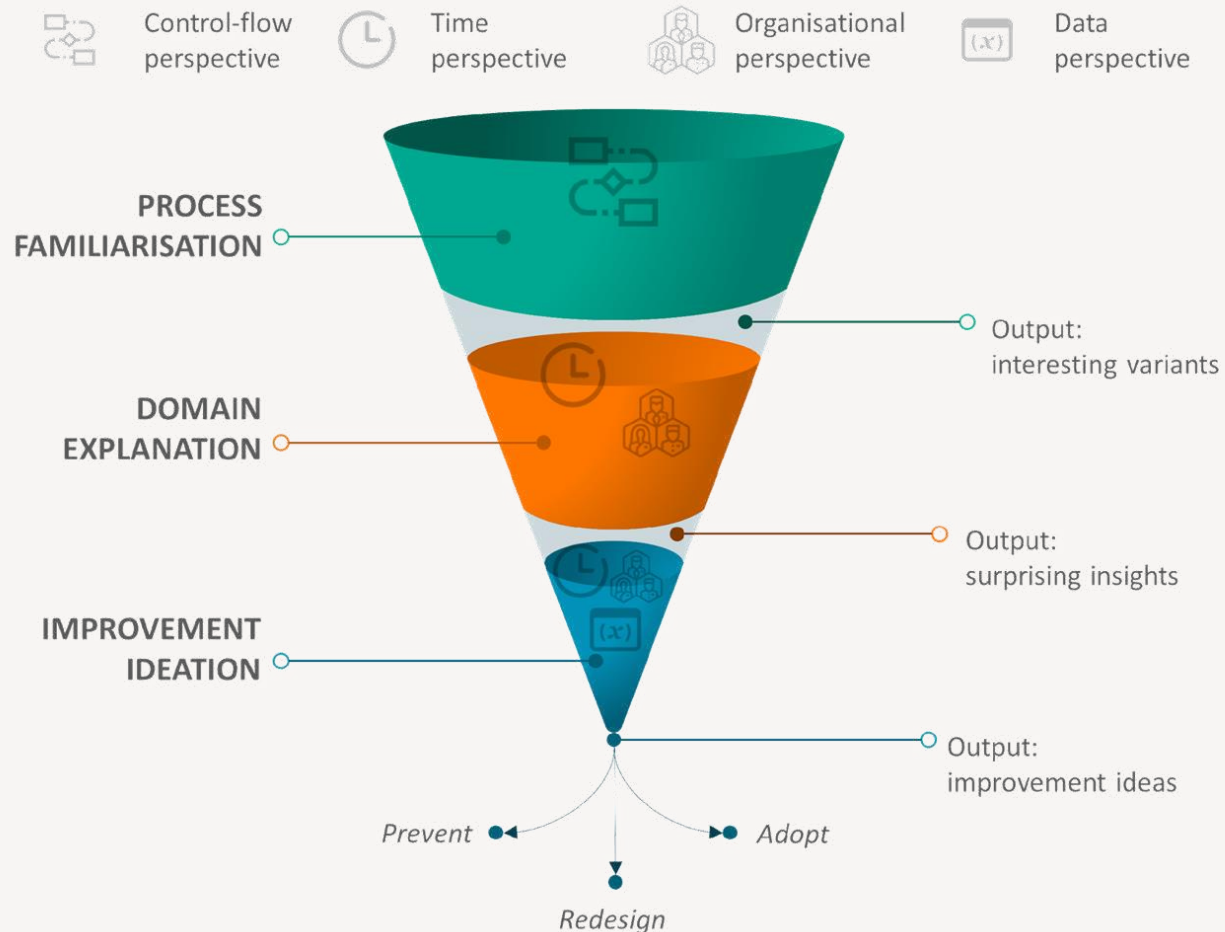
Results

Evaluating Results



Koorn, J. J., Beerepoot, I., Dani, V. S., Lu, X., Van de Weerd, I., Leopold, H., & Reijers, H. A. (2021, October). Bringing rigor to the qualitative evaluation of process mining findings: an analysis and a proposal. In *2021 3rd International Conference on Process Mining (ICPM)* (pp. 120-127). IEEE.

Structuring Evaluation Sessions



Beerepoot, I., Martin, N., & Koorn, J. J. (2023). From Insights to INTEL: Evaluating Process Mining Insights with Healthcare Professionals. *HICSS 2023*.

First Evaluation

Surprising

- Number of times prijsvraag/competition occurs across projects
- Definitive design > preliminary design
- Handovers: Ved > Bra and Sob > Klo surprisingly often, Zie > Bra and Sob > Kar not that much

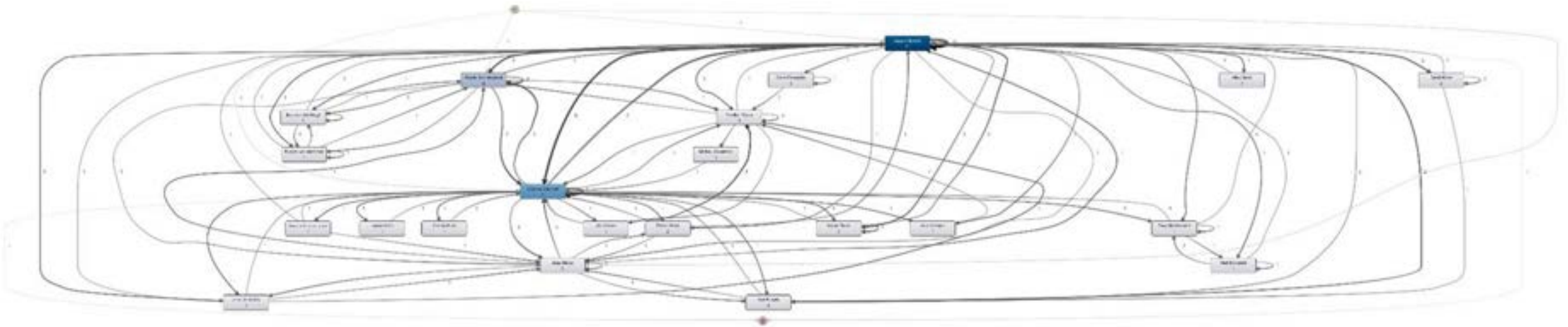
Emerging questions

- To what extent are people involved in projects from start to end?
- What are the times between hours spent on the project, the time of registration, the time of approval, and the billing date?
- What is the relation between hours spent and billed amount?
 - not a PM question

Social Network Analysis

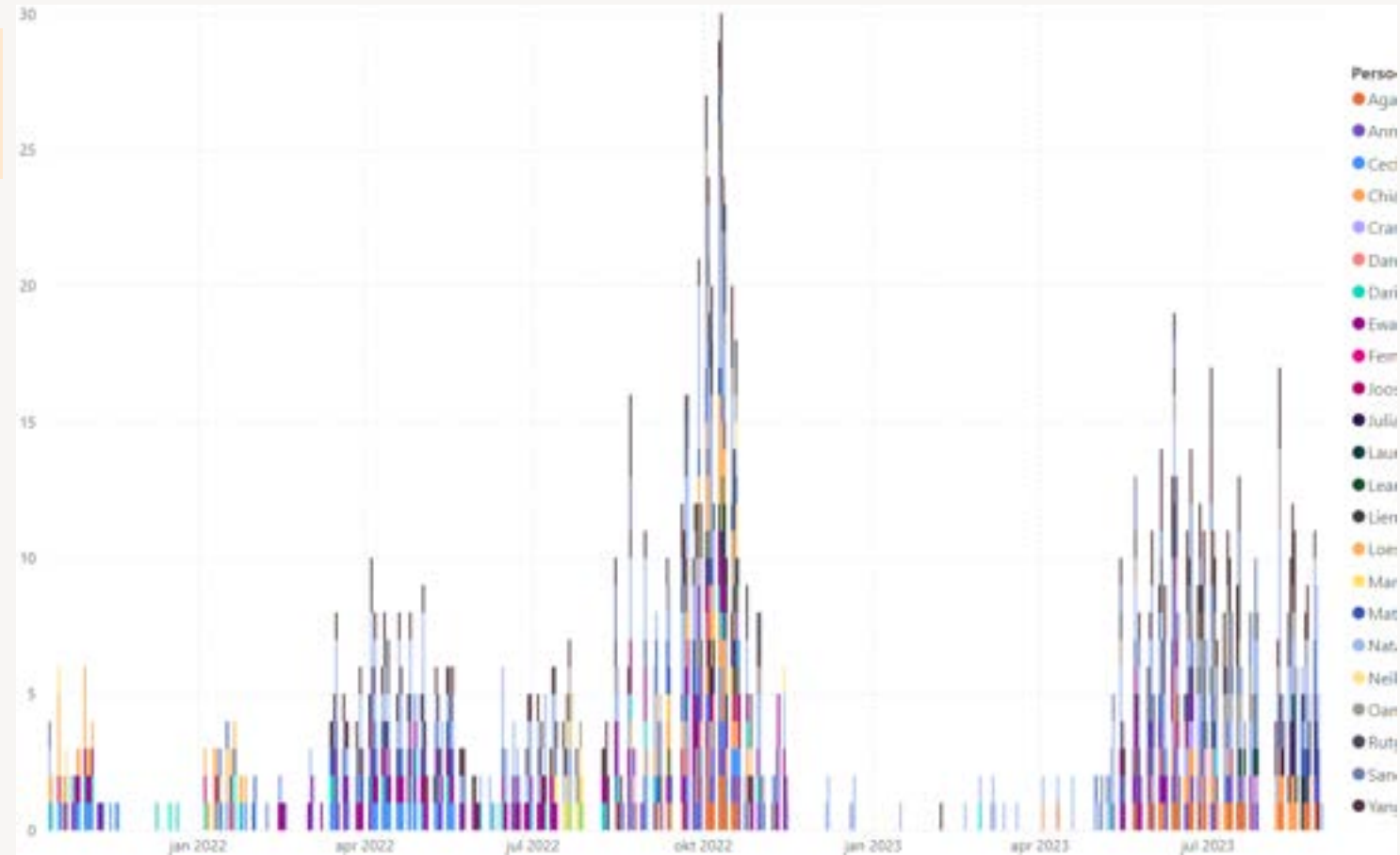
Q4. Which resources are involved and when?

- Project lead involved at the start and end
- One very central designer



Social network analysis

Q4. Which resources are involved and when?

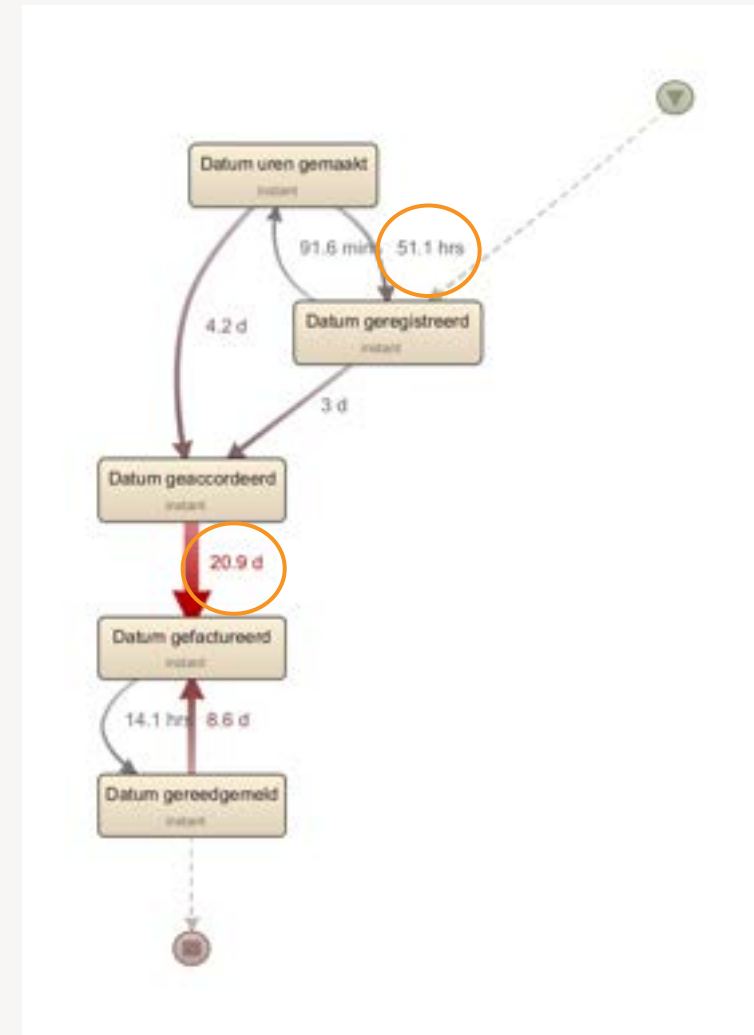
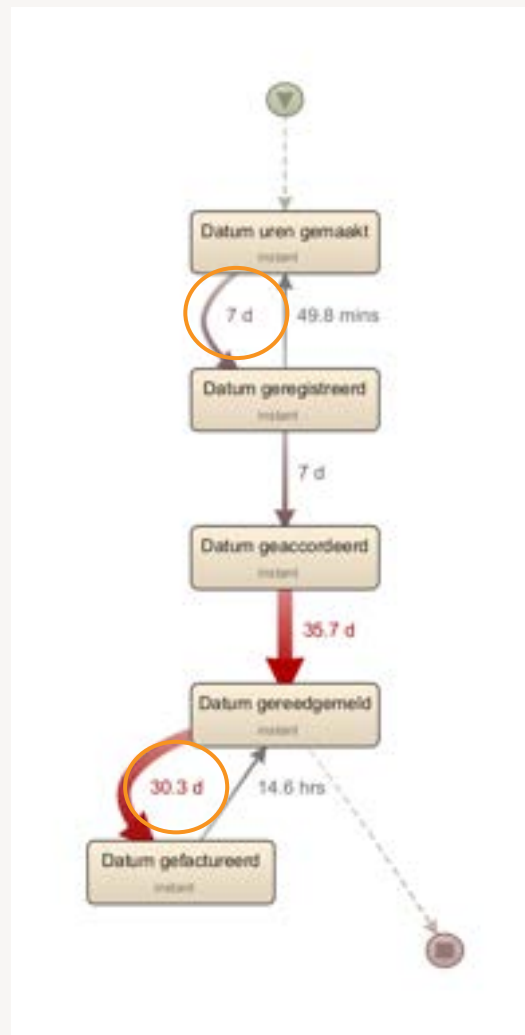


- Deadline halfway October

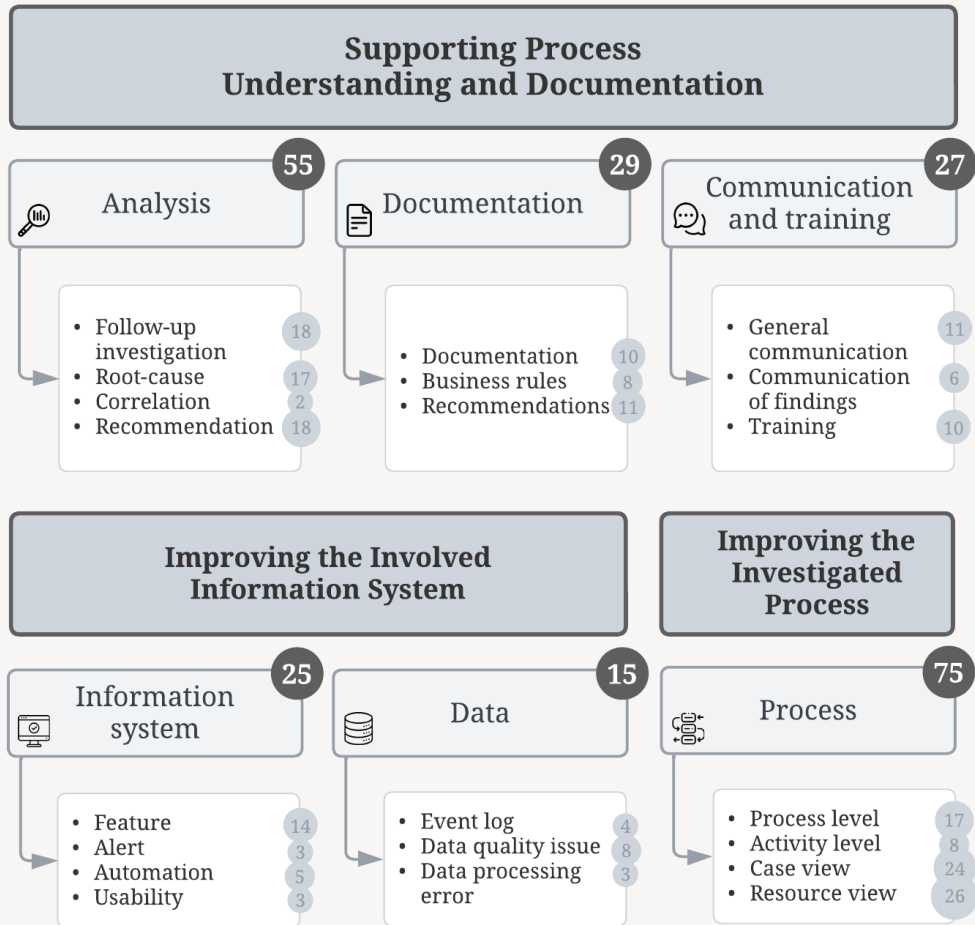
Temporal Analysis

Q5. What are the times between hours spent on the project, the time of registration, the time of approval, and the billing date?

- Many people rely on hours being registered
- If late: deferral of billing (or even unable to be billed!)
- Best performer often registers hours ahead of time
- Time until billing also much shorter



Second Evaluation



Actions chosen

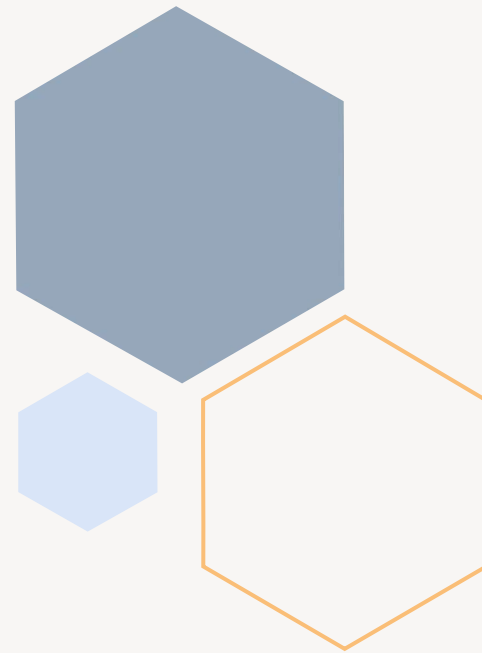
1. Follow-up investigations financial data (compare profitable and loss-making projects)
2. Monitoring dashboards for project leads (resource perspective)
 - a. support for project meetings
 - b. check reliability on single resources
 - c. organize teams for projects
3. Improve activity naming (for some projects to enable better analyses)
4. Awarding resources that register their hours best

Strategies from Qualitative Methods

Strategy	Effect	Practical guideline
Engage with the field of research	An open and honest evaluation	Carefully select domain experts; include data quality issues in presentation of results
Triangulation	Completeness and consistency of the results	Use multiple quantitative (e.g. simulations) and qualitative evaluation methods (e.g. interviews)
Peer review or external audit	Credibility of the analysis and interpretation	Plan peer reviews to reflect on research design, approach, and results on a regular basis and keep notes of these meetings
Refine work hypothesis	Transparency and soundness of the results	Keep detailed notes on hypotheses, how they are tested, and the final results and use these to guide the evaluation with domain experts
Clarify and normalize bias	Transparency and reliability of the results	Discuss different types of biases in the evaluation or limitation section
Perform member checking	Credibility of the results	Ask interviewees to check the correctness and authenticity of a summarized report of the interview results and interpretation

Koorn, J. J., Beerepoot, I., Dani, V. S., Lu, X., Van de Weerd, I., Leopold, H., & Reijers, H. A. (2021, October). Bringing rigor to the qualitative evaluation of process mining findings: an analysis and a proposal. In *2021 3rd International Conference on Process Mining (ICPM)* (pp. 120-127). IEEE.

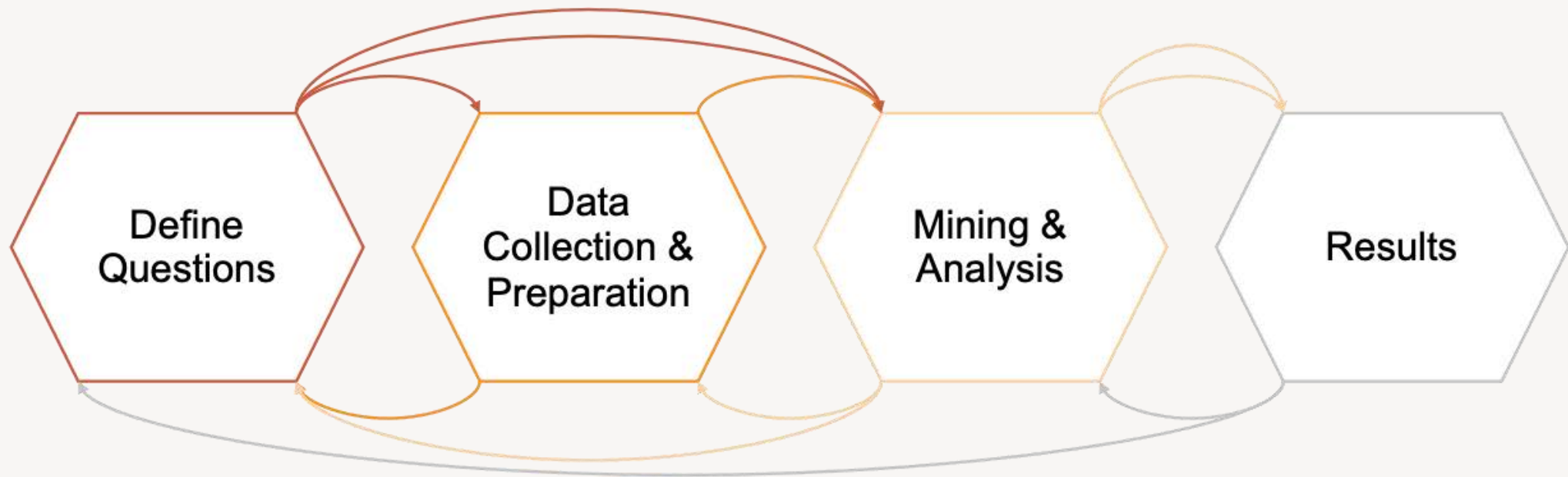
Closing



Supporting Process Mining Tasks



The Process View



To what extent are people involved in projects from start to end?

Literature

Define Questions

- Zerbato, F., Koorn, J. J., Beerepoot, I., Weber, B., & Reijers, H. A. (2022, September). On the Origin of Questions in Process Mining Projects. In *International Conference on Enterprise Design, Operations, and Computing* (pp. 165-181). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

Data Collection and Preparation

- Stein Dani, V., Leopold, H., van der Werf, J. M. E., & Reijers, H. A. (2022, September). Supporting Event Log Extraction Based on Matching. In *International Conference on Business Process Management* (pp. 322-333). Cham: Springer International Publishing.
- Stein Dani, V., Leopold, H., van der Werf, J. M. E., Lu, X., Beerepoot, I., Koorn, J. J., & Reijers, H. A. (2021, September). Towards understanding the role of the human in event log extraction. In *International Conference on Business Process Management* (pp. 86-98). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

Mining and Analysis

- Zerbato, F., Soffer, P., & Weber, B. (2022, September). Process mining practices: evidence from interviews. In *International Conference on Business Process Management* (pp. 268-285). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

Results

- Beerepoot, I., Martin, N., & Koorn, J. J. (2023). From Insights to INTEL: Evaluating Process Mining Insights with Healthcare Professionals. *HICSS 2023*.
- Koorn, J. J., Beerepoot, I., Dani, V. S., Lu, X., Van de Weerd, I., Leopold, H., & Reijers, H. A. (2021, October). Bringing rigor to the qualitative evaluation of process mining findings: an analysis and a proposal. In *2021 3rd International Conference on Process Mining (ICPM)* (pp. 120-127). IEEE.
- Stein Dani, V., Leopold, H., van der Werf, J. M. E., Beerepoot, I.M., & Reijers, H. A. (2023). From Process Mining Insights to Process Improvement: All Talk and No Action? In *International Conference on Cooperative Information Systems (CoopIS)*.

Challenges (All phases)

- Zimmermann, L., Zerbato, F., & Weber, B. (2022, May). Process mining challenges perceived by analysts: An interview study. In *International Conference on Business Process Modeling, Development and Support* (pp. 3-17). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

Thank You

Iris Beerepoot
Francesca Zerbato
Barbara Weber
Pnina Soffer

Get in touch!

i.m.beerepoot@uu.nl

francesca.zerbato@unisg.ch



**Swiss National
Science Foundation**

F. Zerbato and B. Weber are funded by the SNSF



Questions?
Let's discuss!



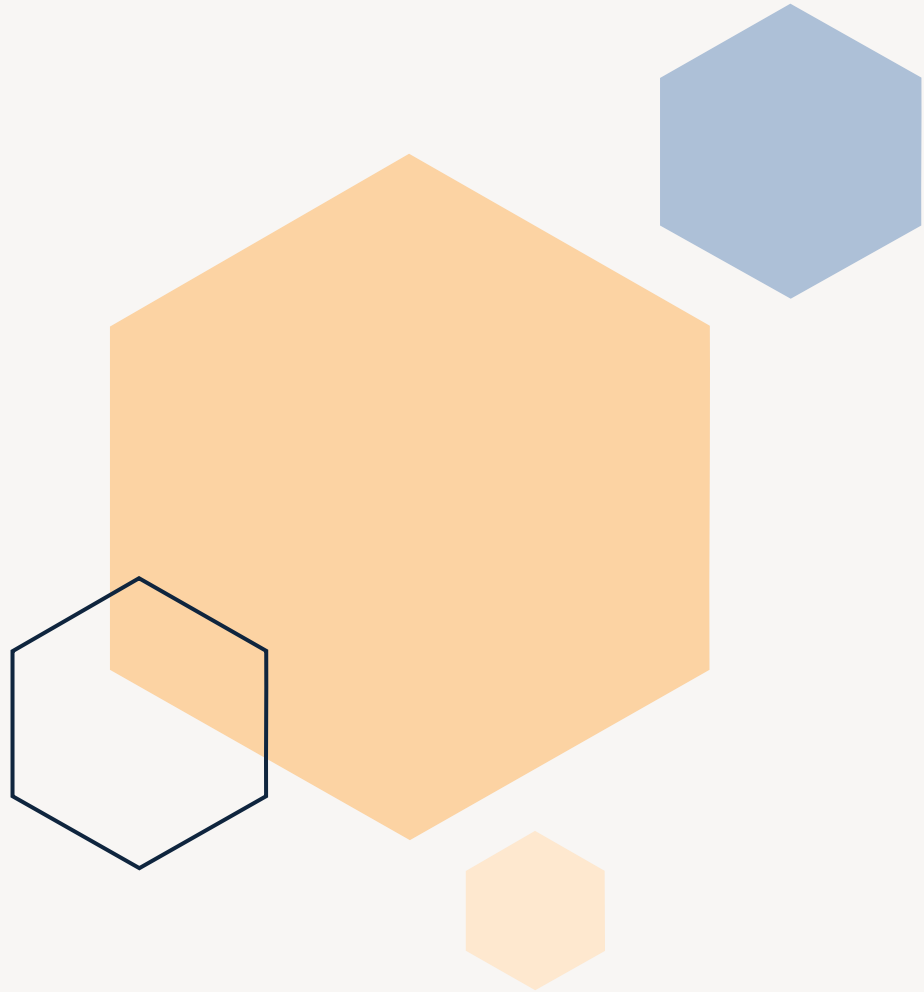
What makes an analysis question a “good” one?

Define Questions



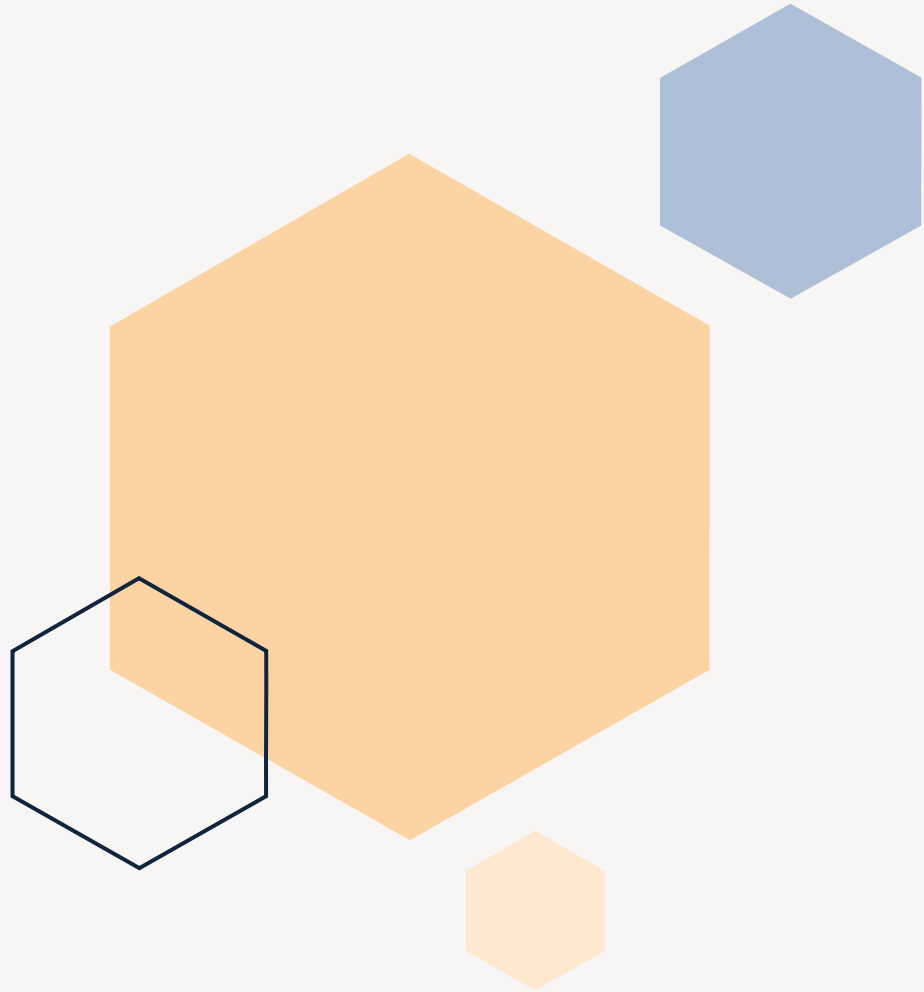
For what questions should Process Mining not be used?

Define Questions



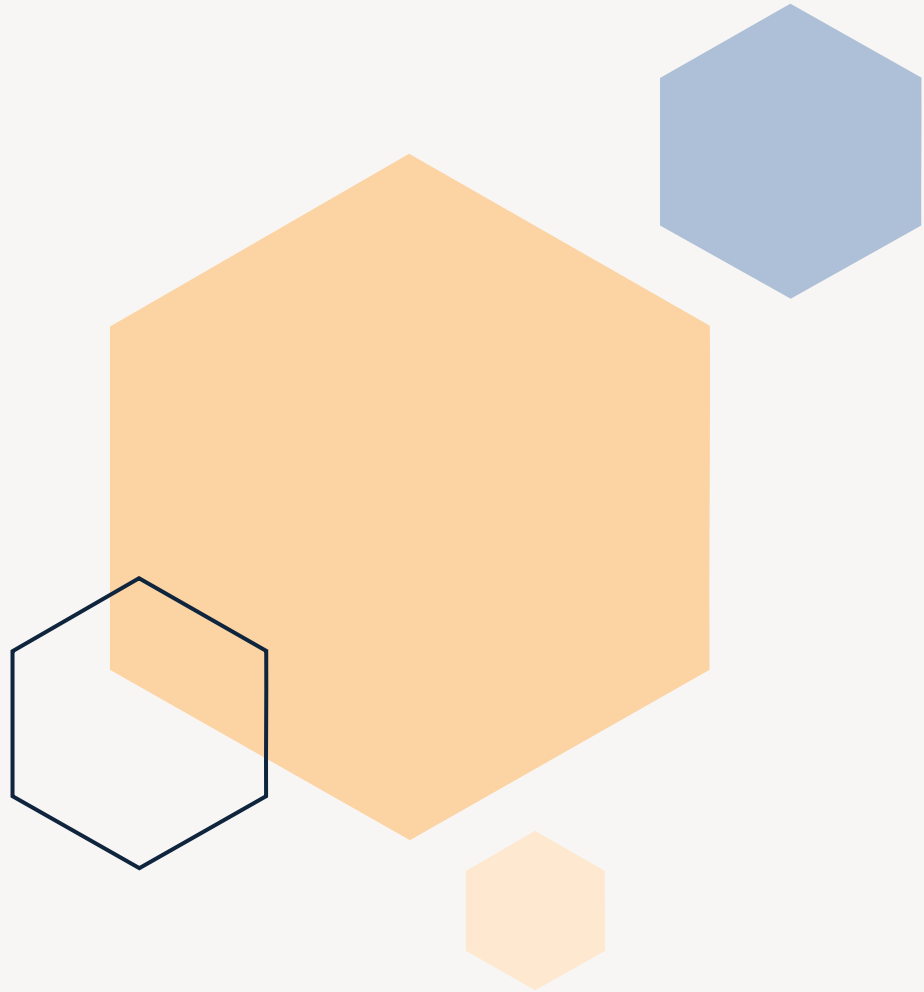
Is the effort of data collection and preparation ever too high to outweigh the benefits of PM?

Data Collection & Preparation



What are crucial factors that determine how to steer the analysis?

Mining & Analysis



How 'bad' is it to not have a structured validation of insights?

Results

